

## Matrix of progression 2023-2024 Curriculum 2019

**Gynaecological Oncology Subspecialty Training Programme** 

**June 2024** 



## **Gynaecological Oncology training matrix for subspecialty trainees on** a two year programme

This matrix is meant as an aide to subspecialty trainees in Gynaecological Oncology (GO), Subspecialty Training Programme Supervisors and subspecialty assessors and sets out the minimum requirements for a satisfactory subspecialty assessment. Trainees are encouraged to exceed these requirements. This assessment will inform the subsequent ARCP. It is important to note that although this GO specific matrix has been modelled on the general matrix, and there is much overlap, they are not exactly the same. The subspecialty assessors will use this matrix as a guide to the minimum standards required and will give a recommendation to the subsequent general ARCP which will use the general matrix to ensure that any training requirements not assessed by the subspecialty assessors have also been considered and assessed. It will be possible therefore to achieve a satisfactory Subspecialty assessment, but nevertheless receive a suboptimal outcome from the general ARCP.

The date of subspecialty assessments is dictated by the planned ARCP date of the trainee. Some subspecialty train ees will have completed only five to six months of subspecialty training at the time of their first assessment. In view of this, the targets required for the first assessment are not necessarily quite straightforward to achieve, and the expectations regarding accumulation of WBAs will be proportionate to the time spent so far in subspecialty training.

Subspecialty trainees who already hold a CCT, or who are overseas trainees, will only undergo subspecialty assessments, and will not have general ARCPs following the subspecialty assessment. They are expected to achieve the targets set out in the GO specific matrix, but clearly will not need to consider the general matrix because these targets must have been met to be awarded a CCT, or will be considered in the training structures and general curricula of their home country.

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	First SST assessment (progress expected after completion of 12 months whole time equivalent clinical subspecialty training)	Second and subsequent assessments (progress expected after completion of 24 months whole time equivalent clinical subspecialty
Gynaecological Oncology CiP curriculum progression	The ePortfolio should show engagement with the curriculum and GO CiP progress should have commenced and be commensurate with the amount of time spent in training so far. Evidence must be linked to support GO CiP sign off.  Complete GO CiPs 1, 2, 5, 11, 12, 14 and 17 and have timetable for completion of other GO CiPs (rough guide: achieved 50% of entrustability levels for GO, i.e. 43/85).	Progression should be commensurate with the time the trainee has left in training. All GO CiPs must be signed off by the end of training.
Formative OSATS	Optional but encouraged.	Optional but encouraged.



	First SST assessment (progress expected after completion of 12 months whole time equivalent clinical subspecialty training)	Second and subsequent assessments (progress expected after completion of 24 months whole time equivalent clinical subspecialty
Summative OSATS At least one OSATS confirming competence should be supervised by a consultant	There should be at least three summative OSATs for the procedures below confirming competence by more than one assessor:  Laparoscopic hysterectomy (TLH)  Laparoscopic pelvic lymph node disection  Open pelvic lymph node disection  Total omentectomy  Vulvectomy  Open para-aortic lymph node disection	There should be at least three summative OSATs for the procedures below confirming competence by more than one assessor by the end of training:  • Groin lymphadenectomy  • Radical Hysterectomy  • Small bowel resection and anastomosis  • Large bowel resection with formation of colostomy  • Diaphragmatic peritoneal stripping +/- resection
Mini-CEX	✓	✓
CBD	✓	✓
Reflective practice	✓	✓
NOTSS	✓	✓



	First SST assessment (progress expected after completion of 12 months whole time equivalent clinical subspecialty training)	Second and subsequent assessments (progress expected after completion of 24 months whole time equivalent clinical subspecialty	
Surgical logbook	Continuous logbook documenting procedures done as lead surgeon (for whole or part of procedure) or as assistant and to be uploaded on the Other Evidence section on the ePortfolio.	Continuous logbook documenting procedures done as lead surgeon (for whole or part of procedure) or as assistant and to be uploaded on the Other Evidence section on the ePortfolio.	
Required courses / required objectives	Attend CrISP course in first year  Relevant scientific meeting (BGCS/ESGO, etc.) per year  Advanced communication skills course  Anastomosis course  The above competencies may be achieved by attending re subspecialty assessment panel that content and learning of See guidance on alternative evidence for courses with practices.	utcomes have been achieved using alternative evidence.	
Generic areas of Gynaecological Oncology			
Team observation (TO) forms	Two separate sets of TO1's and TO2's.	Two separate sets of TO1's and TO2's.	



	First SST assessment (progress expected after completion of 12 months whole time equivalent clinical subspecialty training)	Second and subsequent assessments (progress expected after completion of 24 months whole time equivalent clinical subspecialty
Clinical governance (patient safety, audit, risk management and quality improvement)	Have commenced a GO relevant audit and/or service development project.  Evidence of attendance at morbidity and mortality meetings.	Completion of GO relevant audit and/or service development project.  Evidence at attendance at risk meeting or involvement in RCA at least once during training.  Evidence of attendance at morbidity and mortality meetings.
		Author of local guideline or update of existing guideline at least once during training.
Teaching	Evidence of GO related teaching, with feedback.	Evidence of GO related teaching, with feedback.
Research	Ensure up to date with GCP training.	Ensure CV is competitive for consultant interviews
Leadership and management experience	Evidence of department responsibility and working with consultants to organise (e.g. "office work") including organising lists and dealing with correspondence.	Evidence of department responsibility and working with consultants to organise (e.g. "office work") including organising lists and dealing with correspondence.  Evidence of attendance at a leadership/ management course.



	First SST assessment (progress expected after completion of 12 months whole time equivalent clinical subspecialty training)	Second and subsequent assessments (progress expected after completion of 24 months whole time equivalent clinical subspecialty
Presentations and	As per annual review discussion.	As per previous annual review discussion.
publications	Ensure CV is competitive for consultant interviews and uploaded to 'Other Evidence' section on the ePortfolio.	Ensure CV is competitive for consultant interviews and uploaded to 'Other Evidence' section on the ePortfolio.

### Further guidance on evidence required for CiPs in the Gynaecological Oncology Curriculum

The philosophy of the 2019 GO SST curriculum is about quality of evidence rather than quantity and a move away from absolute numbers of workplace based assessments (WBAs) and the tick box approach. The training matrix above demonstrates this.

The GO Curriculum Guide is available for trainers and trainees to give information about what would be appropriate evidence during GO subspecialty training.

#### Rules for GO CiPs:

- 1. There must be some evidence linked to each GO CiP in each training year to show development in the GO CiP and for the generic competencies and skills for the following areas relevant to GO subspecialty: 'Clinical governance', 'Teaching experience', 'Research', 'Leadership and management experience' and 'Presentations and publications' as outlined in the matrix.
- 2. At the end of SST the expectation is that there should be a minimum of one piece of evidence linked to each key skill for all clinical GO CiPs. The generic competencies as outlined in the GO matrix must be completed to a level appropriate for a senior trainee.

Pre-CCT subspecialty trainees will need to provide sufficient evidence for their Educational Supervisor to sign off all the generic core CiPs at meeting expectations for 'ST6/7 level' by the time of completion of SST and general training. The generic evidence collected during



subspecialty training to satisfy the subspecialty matrix will contribute significantly to the sign off of the generic core CiPs. It will be up to the trainee and their ES to decide if any additional generic evidence will be needed to sign off the generic core CiPs for the ARCP purposes.

Pre-CCT subspecialty trainees in readiness for their ARCP, which will usually follow the subspecialty training assessment a few weeks later, will need to provide evidence for the obstetric core CiPs 10 and 12 to ensure that they will receive a CCT in O&G in addition to subspecialty accreditation at the end of training. Guidance and examples of appropriate experience, suggestions on how this experience can be obtained and what the required evidence might be to allow educational supervisors to sign off progress in these core CiPs is available on the College website under Gynaecological Oncology section.

# Find out more at rcog.org.uk

