

SITM: Therapeutic Hysteroscopy (TH)

SECTION 1: CAPABILITIES IN PRACTICE (CiP)

TH CiP 1: The doctor demonstrates skills and attitudes to manage the care of people who need hysteroscopic surgery.							
Key skills	Descriptors						
Carries out preoperative planning and makes case selection	 Can counsels people on benign gynaecological conditions and how they are managed. Can counsel people on the benefits and risks of surgery and explains the alternatives. Conducts appropriate preoperative investigations. Performs ultrasound of the pelvis to form a differential diagnosis and plans how to manage someone's care. Appropriately triages people to inpatient or outpatient pathway. 						
Manages hysteroscopic surgery using a number of techniques and procedures	 Manages difficult cervical dilation. Manages complications during and after surgery. Demonstrates safe use of mechanical instrumentation (conventional and tissue removal devices). Can safely use electrosurgery. Can safely use hysteroscopic fluid management. 						
Manages outpatient hysteroscopy	 Demonstrates awareness of how to diagnose and treat people using outpatient services. Performs diagnostic and simple operative procedures, where appropriate. Applies the principles of best practice in outpatient hysteroscopy. 						
Manages advanced outpatient procedures	 Counsels on and performs outpatient procedures where appropriate, such as endometrial ablation and polypectomy. 						
 Evidence to inform decision Reflective practice NOTSS Local and deanery teaching Mini-CEX CbD TO2 (including SO) RCOG e-learning Evidence of hysteroscopic straining 	 Hysteroscopic removal of products of conception Hysteroscopic polypectomy Resect submucous fibroids 						



- Attendance at RCOG/British Society for Gynaecological Endoscopy (BSGE) Diagnostic and Operative Hysteroscopy course
- Attendance at BSGE conference or similar
- Resects filmy intrauterine adhesions without cavity distortion or incomplete septum
- $\circ \quad \text{Endometrial ablation}$
- Ultrasound examination in gynaecology (non-pregnant person)

Knowledge criteria

- The theatre environment –set-up, how to position the patient and effective use of assistants
- The outpatient operative environment clinic set-up and infrastructure, and awareness of national guidance for best practice in outpatient hysteroscopy
- Instrumentation knowledge of endoscopes, imaging systems and ancillary instruments (electrosurgical and mechanical)
- Principles of safely using mechanical instrumentation, including:
 - o conventional hysteroscopic instruments (forceps and scissors)
 - o hysteroscopic tissue removal systems
- Principles of safely using different energy sources, including:
 - o monopolar and bipolar electrosurgery
 - second-generation endometrial ablation (e.g. impedance controlled electrosurgical, thermal balloons and microwave techniques)
- Principles of safely using distension media and awareness of national guidelines
- Potential strategies for preventing intrauterine adhesions and managing them

TH CiP 2: The doctor demonstrates the skills to develop and manage a hysteroscopy service.							
Key skills	Descriptors						
Demonstrates service development	 Liaises with management teams and clinical commissioning groups. Has an understanding of financial considerations. Participates in clinical governance. Demonstrates involvement in quality improvement. Is able to analyse and collect data related to outcomes. 						
Develops clinical guidelines and information for patients	 Is aware of available sources of both printed and web-based information. Designs ands adapts information for patients for local use and understands local process. Participates in: writing protocols developing clinical pathways service development developing evidence-based guidelines. Establishes and/or enhances local clinical pathways. 						



Evidence to inform decision

- Reflective practice
- Meeting attendance and membership of the BSGE
- TO2 (including SO)
- Mini-CEX
- CbD

• RCOG e-learning

- Performs a quality improvement project
- Develops and/or enhances local clinical pathways
- NOTSS

Knowledge criteria

- NHS service requirements and local procedures to develop and improve services
- Clinical governance issues in hysteroscopy
- The different skills needed for job roles in different disciplines
- National guidance on best practice in outpatient hysteroscopy, hysteroscopic fluid management and heavy menstrual bleeding

SECTION 2: PROCEDURES

Procedures marked with * require three summative competent OSATS

Procedures	Level by end of training	CIP 1
Hysteroscopic biopsy/removal of foreign bodies*	5	Х
Hysteroscopic removal of products of conception*	5	Х
Hysteroscopic polypectomy*	5	Х
Resect submucous fibroids*	5	Х
Resect filmy intrauterine adhesions without cavity	5	Х
distortion or incomplete septum*		
Endometrial ablations*	5	Х
Ultrasound examination in gynaecology (non-	5	Х
pregnant person)*		

SECTION 3: GMC GENERIC PROFESSIONAL CAPABILITIES (GPC)

Mapping to GPCs

Domain 1: Professional values and behaviours Domain 2: Professional skills

- Practical skills
- Communication and interpersonal skills
- Dealing with complexity and uncertainty

Domain 3: Professional knowledge

- Professional requirements
- National legislative structure



• The health service and healthcare system in the four countries Domain 5: Capabilities in leadership and team working Domain 6: Capabilities in patient safety and quality improvement Domain 8: Capabilities in education and training Domain 9: Capabilities in research and scholarship

SECTION 4: MAPPING OF ASSESSMENTS TO TH CiPs

ТН СІР	OSATS	Mini-CEX	CbD	NOTSS	TO1/ TO2	Reflective practice
1: The doctor demonstrates skills and attitudes to manage the care of people who need hysteroscopic surgery	X	X	x	X	X	X
2: The doctor demonstrates the skills to develop and manage a hysteroscopy service		X	X	Х	Х	Х